Welcome to our Learning Network Resource Spotlight

Human Trafficking: Innovative Responses Created By and For Youth and Indigenous Communities Date & Time: Tuesday, November 2, 2021 | 1:00 - 2:30 PM ET

- All attendees are muted during the Resource Spotlight
- If you are experiencing issues, please type into the chat box.
- If you have a question for the speakers, please type into the Q&A box and we will spend a few mins near
 the end on Questions and Answers.
- There will be an evaluation link in the chat box at the end of the resource spotlight, please fill out the form as your feedback will guide our future ones.
- Once you complete the evaluation form, you will be directed to a website where you will be prompted to
 enter your full name and email address. A certificate of attendance will be generated and emailed to you.
- Presentation slides are available online, there will be a link in the chat box.
- The presentation recording will be posted on our website within the next few days: http://www.vawlearningnetwork.ca/ln-kh-webinars/upcoming_resource_spotlight/index.html





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Aura Freedom acknowledges that we are situated upon the traditional, unceded territories of the Huron-Wendat, Anishinabek Nation, the Haudenosaunee Confederacy, and the Mississaugas of the Credit First Nation. Today, the meeting place of "Tkaronto" -Toronto- is still the home to many Indigenous peoples from across Turtle Island.

We are thankful for the opportunity to work on this territory toward the eradication of gender-based violence, where Indigenous women and girls pay the highest price.

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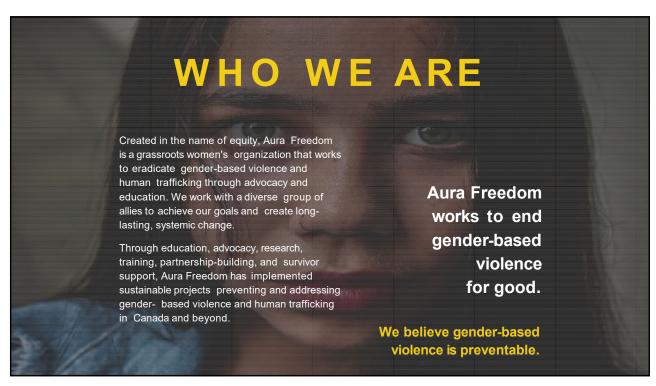
A NOTE ON VALUING GRASSROOTS EXPERTISE AND CONTRIBUTIONS

We believe the work of the grassroots GBV sector is as important and crucial as the work of academia and should be credited and recognized in the same manner.

If something we present to you today resonates with you and you think it would be valuable to your work, we invite you to use it and share with others. After all, sharing knowledge creates change. When incorporating and sharing our work, we ask that you kindly cite it. There is something to be said about honouring the emotional and intellectual labour that goes into grassroots gender-based violence work.

This is one way that we can begin to change the culture of struggling grassroots organizations who are overworked and under-compensated, but still showing up to do the work.

Suggested citation for this webinar: Aura Freedom. (2021). Aura Freedom's Human Trafficking Peer Prevention Project. Fourth Edition. Presented in Toronto.





CONSIDERATIONS

- · Human trafficking is indeed a crime, but more importantly, it is a human rights abuse.
- We recognize that human trafficking does not only happen in the sex industry, but in the service
 industry, farming industry, in domestic labour, and more. Forced/child marriage, forced crime and organ
 trafficking are other forms of trafficking. Aura Freedom's focus is on human trafficking for the purposes
 of sexual exploitation (also known as sex trafficking). This includes exploitation in sex work, massage
 parlours, exotic dancing, escort services, pornography, and more.
- Sex trafficking and sexual exploitation are forms of gender-based violence.
- It is important to note that Aura Freedom meets survivors where they are, recognizing their diverse backgrounds, stories, and choices. We are survivor-centred, trauma-informed and fuelled by compassion. We refute the patriarchal 'victim narrative' that has a limited view of what trafficked persons look like.
- Human rights are guaranteed to everyone regardless of gender, race, ability, religion, class or how someone chooses to make a living - including sexwork.
- It is important to distinguish between consensual sex work by adults and exploitation. Sex trafficking is not a choice it is abuse, coercion, manipulation, and recognized as a form of slavery.
- Anyone under the age of 18 cannot legally consent to sex work in Canada.

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THE WAY AURA FREEDOM ADDRESSES HUMAN TRAFFICKING

Human trafficking is the manifestation of inequity.

Exploitation, like gender-based violence, *thrives* in conditions of inequity.

Aura Freedom views human trafficking as a human rights abuse and focuses on addressing the issue of sexual exploitation by combining both a human rights approach and an upstream public health approach in its core activities. *Anti-trafficking work that is not addressing inequities of gender, race, socio-economic status and more, simply won't be effective.*

Aura Freedom's counter-trafficking work aims to advance equity. It stresses the importance of empowering youth to make safe and healthy decisions in their lives and reach out for community support when they need it. We do not engage in 'rescue industry' activities. We seek to end human trafficking by dismantling oppressive structures - anything else will not have any long term effect.

There is no quick fix to human trafficking. We need to **zoom out** and unpack societal power imbalances and inequities if we are really going to end it. This will take a while.

We often hear:
"Anyone can be trafficked."

And yes, that is true. We have worked with survivors from many different communities.

However, there are communities that are more at risk of exploitation and have historically been targeted.

If we don't recognize this, we do more harm than good. Intersectionality matters.

Our main focus is on the root causes of human trafficking and the importance of equity

- Gender inequality, patriarchy and rape culture and their of the sexual exploitation of women and girls. The hyper-sexu women and girls in the media and how unhealthy body im unhealthy role models for both young men (toxic masculin women are contributing to the problem of gender-based versions).
- Systemic racism, colonialism, ableism, homophobia, xenophobia and communities who have been oppressed and pushed to the fringes of society, including Indigenous, Black and POC youth, newcomer youth, and youth who identify as LGBTQ2S+.
- Poverty, which is linked to inequalities and the marginalization of communities.
- Systemic inequities and gaps in social services including foster care and housing.

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IT'S NOT JUST ABOUT CRIME.

Human trafficking is highly underreported due to its hidden nature. Many of the survivors Aura Freedom has worked with have and never will report their trafficker to police for fear of retribution and due to a mistrust of authorities, and many of our partners have indicated similar patterns. We must acknowledge this to address trafficking holistically.

If we focus on crime, we will also focus on the many 'crimes' that survivors are forced to commit or coerced into committing by their traffickers (carrying guns, carrying drugs, credit card fraud, etc.)

"The Non-Punishment Principle was established due to the rising recognition that trafficked persons were being punished for their involvement in unlawful activities committed in the context of their status as trafficking victims. The 2002 Recommended Principles and Guidelines on Human Rights and Human Trafficking of the United Nations Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights recognized this issue and outlined that such victims must be provided with protection over punishment for their unlawful acts in direct consequence of their trafficking."

Talija Končar - Research & Policy Analyst - Aura Freedom

HOW THE PEER PREVENTION PROJECT STARTED

Since 2014, Aura Freedom has provided human trafficking awareness and prevention workshops to youth and service providers across Toronto and other parts of Ontario. We have also consulted at the municipal, provincial and federal levels of government for HT policies and strategies and contributed to national research. Our work has created change, empowered youth and given HT survivors access to services.

Yet, we often asked ourselves: "How can we make the program even more powerful? How could we empower marginalized youth even more?"

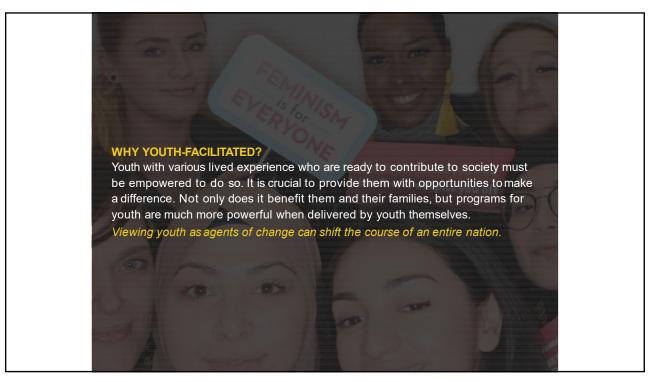
In October 2018, with support from the City of Toronto, we officially launched the **Human Trafficking Peer Prevention Project**. In, 2019, we scaled up and expanded this project, adding new team members and community partners.

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AURA FREEDOM'S PEER PREVENTION PROJECT:

- Brings awareness to and prevents human trafficking and sexual exploitation through presentations for youth, by youth
- Presentations take place in schools, homeless shelters, group homes, libraries, and other community spaces across Toronto/GTA/Ontario.
- Provides support and access to services for survivors of sexual exploitation in TO/ON.
- Peer Prevention Project also provides frontline training workshops for service providers, frontline workers, and more.

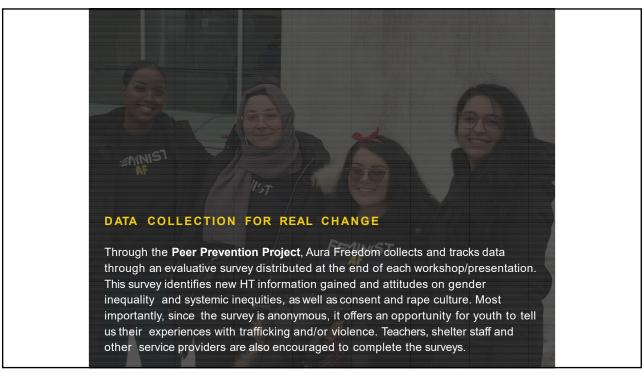
For the creation of this project, Aura Freedom recruited, trained and mentored youth who identify as female and have various lived experience (including human trafficking) that enhanced their ability to communicate to youth and identify those in need of support.

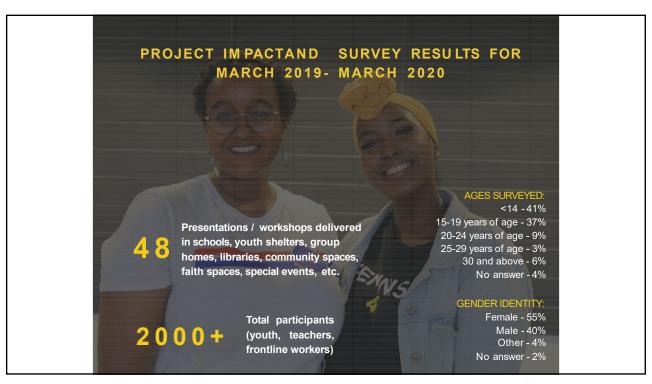




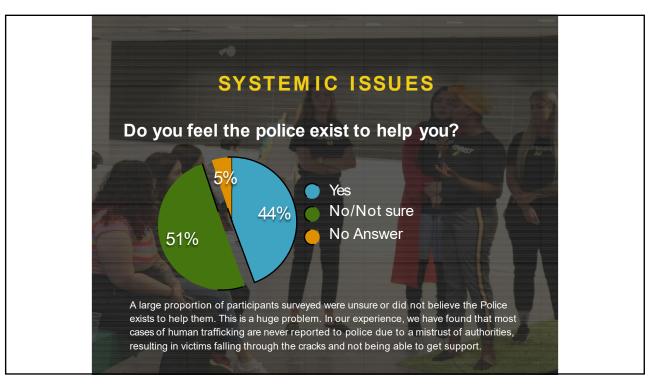


COMPASSION ATE, TRAUMA-INFORMED SUPPORT. Disclosures to our staff of sexual exploitation/gender-based violence from youth is common after Aura Freedom's presentations. Due to the powerful nature of the awareness and the unique safe space we create with youth, we often have disclosures of exploitation and violence from young participants and are able to provide them with immediate counselling and timely access to the appropriate services. Each presentation (both virtual and in-person) is supported by the presence of a trained counsellor who is knowledgeable in HT and works through an intersectional, trauma informed lens. We have a long-standing partnership with the Toronto Rape Crisis Centre (TRCC/MWAR) for this crucial feature of our Peer Prevention Project. Counsellors are also available for debriefing and counselling for staff after disclosures or other difficult events.

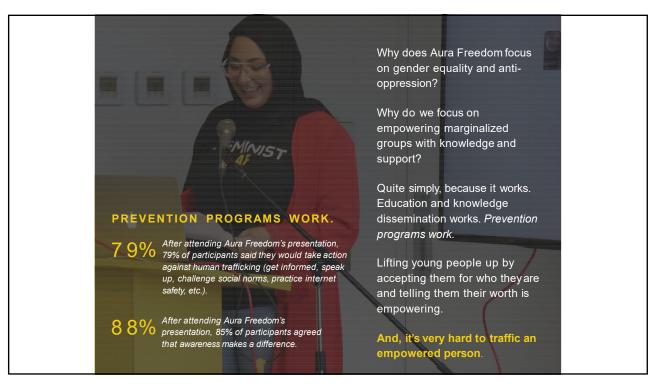




























Additional topics covered in our frontli training for service providers

- Trauma-informed approaches
- Receiving human trafficking disclosures with compassion
- Challenges & barriers in identifying HT survivors or for them to reachout
- Safety planning for HT survivors
- Case studies
- Unpacking bias
- Stigma
- Role playing
- Self care in this work
- Empathy & shifting perspectives
- Recognition of survivor agency

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Indigenous Anti-Human Trafficking

Collin Graham



Ontario Native Women's Association

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Trigger Warning

Some of this information may be triggering or hard to hear for some individuals if anyone here is having emotional response please know that there are support people here with us today. I would like to encourage you to reach out to supports and or resource people in you area.



"Survivor" not "victim"

• The terms "victim" and "survivor" are used to describe those who experienced human trafficking. ONWA generally prefers the term "survivor" because it conveys the strength and resilience of those who survive this experience; it accords survivors the place of knowledge and expertise they earned; and it's the term most survivors we work with have requested we use. However, we respect the voices of women who describe themselves as victims.

Colonialism + Violence

- The disruption, due to the 'new comers', within our traditional communities has brought inflicted violence, in many forms, upon Indigenous women.
- Forms of violence are: MMIWG, Human trafficking, Domestic Violence, Physical, Mental and Sexual abuse
- Influenced by factors: poverty, gender, race, class,



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Contemporary Sex Trafficking

Presents in many forms

- Familial-based trafficking which is driven by poverty and can be intergenerational. Familial-based trafficking may include the exchange of food, shelter, or money for sexual acts amongst family members. (38)
- Organized or gang-facilitated trafficking which involves street-level sex work, underground brothels, escort services and exotic dancing. (39)
- Substance-dependency-driven trafficking which involves engaging in the sex trade in order to feed a chemical dependency that can result in human trafficking relationships. (40)
- Economically-driven trafficking associated with sex work directed to serve oil and mining business developments or international events.

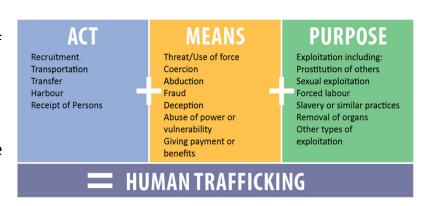
The Situation

- Indigenous women, girls, and young men form a disproportionate number of those sexually exploited in Canada through human trafficking
- Physical, emotional, psychological violence, and financial vulnerability create an environment of constant fear
- Violence against Indigenous women and girls contributes to the normalization of violence and teaches young women to accept this as part of their lives

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Exploitation and Trafficking

- Exploitation means taking advantage of someone for one's own gain
- The Act, the Means, and the Purpose must all be present for it to be called Trafficking



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The Culture of Human Trafficking

Often, people that have been trafficked or are still entrenched do not identify their experience to exploitation, and they may not know that what is happening is illegal.

Exploitation

Boundaries broken down, isolation, learned dependence/helplessness, financial pressure (owing debts) for the gifts, threats to safety.

Coercion

There are mixed messages sent, gaslighting, emotional highs and lows, sense of needing to "get back in his good books" person will do whatever they have to get things back to how they were.

Grooming

Known as the "honeymoon phase" this is when there are an abundance of gifts and attention the person is in love and feels special.

Luring

Recruitment process begins with the friendship or romancing of a person. This is when the recruiter/ trafficker creates a sense of belonging, begins assessing boundaries, and accessing information.

Ontario's Strategy To End Human Trafficking

 Ontario's strategy commits to a four-part action plan that includes a diverse range of perspectives from survivors, front-line community agencies, police and public safety representatives, and Indigenous organizations.

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ONWA's Approach

- ONWA recognizes that there is a need for transitional supports and housing for trafficking survivors to support our Indigenous community, in their efforts escape and begin the healing process.
- Indigenous women must be supported through wholistic, cultural grounded programming and or services.
- It is extremely important that these services be delivered by Indigenous organizations and with the input of Indigenous women with lived experience

Continuum ONWA

- The Liaison Program is intended to support Indigenous communities in providing survivor focused and localized responses to human trafficking. The overall objectives of the Initiative are:
- 1. Building Agency, Community and Survivor Capacity
- 2. Work with existing front-line services that address the
- complex needs of survivors
- 3. Support Indigenous-specific prevention and awareness

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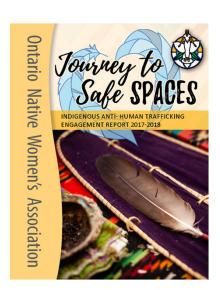
What is Journey to Safe Spaces?

Survivor and community led report

Funded in collaboration with the Minister of Children, Community and Social Services and Minister Responsible for Women's Issues

Pathway for new collaborative and integrated working relationships in Ontario

https://www.onwa.ca/learning-resources-ht



Key Accomplishment of the Project

- Survivor engagement
- Survivor supports
- Community education & engagement
- Indigenous women-specific programming
- Interagency outreach & collaboration
- IAHTL interagency table
- Interagency strategies & action plans
- Training & education from local agencies, businesses & the public

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Grandmother Earth Dress

- One of the educational resources ONWA created during the initiative was
 the Grandmother Earth Dress. There are 365 jingles sewn onto the
 Grandmother Earth Dress that represent violence Indigenous women
 endure every day of the year. The Grandmother Earth Dress is a symbolic
 visual representation that brings awareness of the ongoing systemic and
 structural violence directed at Indigenous women. The idea was to create a
 Red Dress regalia in the form of a jingle dress—a sacred item of healing
 and honouring—for families and communities to commemorate their
 loved ones. Families can visualize their loved ones in beautiful traditional
 regalia
- Normally, the colour red is not part of the Journey Ceremony. However, this specific dress was born out of vision and ceremony. Elders, Healers, and Knowledge Keepers provided direction on how to feast and conduct ceremony. They also named the Grandmother Earth Dress which came from the Southern direction. The Grandmother Earth Dress honours mothers, daughters, aunts, sisters, grandmothers, nieces, and cousins in a good way.
- ONWA would like to offer special acknowledgments to staff members Collin Graham and Lindsay Tyance, and to Rita Tyance for her help with the beadwork.







What We Heard from Survivors

Safety Gaps within Services **Need for Specific Support Services** Culture Housing Issues on Reserves Prevention

What We Heard from Community Members & Service Providers

- Services
- Changes in mainstream services
- Program & system models
- Learning, training & knowledge sharing
- Legal & policy issues
- Prevention



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Recommendations

- A cultural and gender based trauma-informed approach
- Prevention
- Survivor's safety
- Supports for survivors
- Transition to different life
- Agency training & collaboration
- Policy & system reform





